

PSC SC CLERK'S OFFICE



June 15, 2020

THE HONORABLE JOCELYN BOYD
Chief Clerk and Administrator
South Carolina Public Service Commission
101 Executive Center Drive
Suite 100
Columbia, South Carolina 29210

Docket No. 2019-227-E & 2020-11- E Order No. 94-348 & 98-502

Dear Jocelyn Boyd:

Pursuant to Docket No. 2019-227-E & 2020-11-E, Order No 94-348 & 98-502, please find enclosed (2) copies for filing Lockhart Power Company's **2020 INTEGRATED RESOURCE PLAN**.

Sincerely,

James H. Seay, Jr.

Manager - Engineering & Regulatory Affairs

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Lockhart Power Company

cc: Office of Regulatory Staff

SC Energy Office



INTEGRATED RESOURCE PLAN

LOCKHART POWER COMPANY

INTEGRATED RESOURCE PLAN

4		OF OBJECTIVE
1.	STATEMENT	OL ODIFCIIAE

Lockhart Power Company's (LPC) objective in developing an Integrated Resource Plan (IRP) is to minimize our long run total costs and produce the least cost to our customers consistent with the availability of an adequate and reliable supply of electric energy while maintaining system flexibility and considering environmental impacts. We intend for the plan to also improve customer service, offer additional customer options, and improve efficiencies of energy usage.

2. RELEVANT SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION

a. See ATTACHMENTS

- 1 --- SUPPLY RESOURCES
- 2 --- DEMAND FORECAST
- 3 --- SUPPLY AND SALES FORECAST
 - 4 --- ENERGY PRODUCED FROM ALL ENERGY RESOURCES
- 15 5--- PLANNED ELETRICAL TRANSMISSION INVESTMENTS

3. SUPPLY RESOURCES

LPC presently utilizes ten sources of supply, including nine generation stations and purchases from Duke Energy (See Attachment 1). More than 99% of the power LPC self-generates is renewable energy. LPC utilizes a firm wholesale PPA with Duke Energy to provide its generation needs beyond the amount it self-generates. LPC generates approximately one-quarter of its own load with renewable energy with the remainder purchased from Duke Energy (See Attachment 4). Duke Energy's rates to LPC are

1		presumptively just and reasonable, having been permitted by the FERC. We plan to
2		continue to use Duke Energy to provide a firm load-following supply for the foreseeable
3		future. However, LPC intends to investigate other sources to determine if the costs and
4		benefits, both short run and long run, meet the objectives of our IRP. The sources we
5		intend to investigate include, but are not limited to the following:
6		<u>GENERATION</u> Additional cost effective renewable energy generation resources;
7		cost effective natural gas generation resources.
8		
9	4.	VARIOUS ENERGY AND DEMAND ALTERNATIVES, EFFICIENT ENERGY
10		CHOICES AND PROPER PRICING SIGNALS
11		LPC has done and continues to do the following:
12		A. Designed its rates to economically encourage improved load factors and
13		to reduce monthly demands by:
14		1. Incorporating a demand penalty by use of a demand ratchet
15		in its residential rates. This encourages peak shaving.
16		2. Dividing its commercial and industrial rates into a first 200
17		hours use of billing demand rate and an over 200 hours use of
18		billing demand rate with the rates in the latter considerably less
19		expensive than the first 200 hours use block. This encourages peak
20		shaving.
21		3. Incorporating conservation requirements in its Residential -
22		All Electric and General Service - All Electric rates. This
23		encourages conservation.
24		4. Designing its Residential and Residential - All Electric
25		rates such that they are identical during the summer months, the
26		season of LPC's system peak. This encourages peak shaving and

conservation.

1		5. Designing its deficial service commercial and deficial
2		Service - All Electric rates such that they are identical during the
3		summer months, the season of LPC's system peak. This
4		encourages peak shaving and conservation.
5		6. Converting its Residential rate and Residential - All
6		-Electric rate (summer months) from a declining block rate to an
7		inverted rate. This encourages conservation.
8		7. Designing a Solar rider for its residential customers
9		
10	5.	EVALUATING POTENTIAL OPTIONS
11		LPC will employ unbiased analysis techniques for potential options included in its IRP.
12		LPC will evaluate each option by including all appropriate costs and benefits and will
13		provide a detailed explanation with supporting evidence for our choice.
14		
15	6.	EVALUATING THE COST EFFECTIVENESS OF SUPPLY-SIDE AND
16		DEMAND SIDE OPTIONS
17		LPC has adopted an interruptible service demand-side management program offered by
18		Duke Energy. Currently approximately one-fourth of LPC's industrial customers are
19		enrolled in the program. This program encourages peak shaving.
20		
21	7.	MEASURE OF NET BENEFITS
22		LPC will provide the net benefits resulting from the options chosen for use, keeping
23		within the objective stated in Section 1. Benefits are considered to be, but are not limited
24		to, cost savings, peak load shaving, conservation, load shifting, valley filling,
25		environmental concerns, improvement of customer service, offering of additional
26		customer options, improved efficiencies of energy usage, and improved outage times and
27		reliability, and economic development impact on the community.

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2		LPC will consider environmental costs on a monetized basis where reasonable and
3		sufficient data is available in its planning process and evaluation of options. Those
4		environmental costs that cannot be monetized will be addressed on a qualitative basis
5		within the planning process and evaluation of options. The environmental costs referred
6		to here are those costs associated with demand or supply side options which impact the
7		customer directly or indirectly.
8		
9	9.	DEMAND AND ENERGY FORECAST
10		See Attachments 2 and 3
11		
12	10.	EVALUATION AND REVIEW OF EXISTING DEMAND-SIDE OPTIONS
13		See Section 4 Above
14		
15	11.	FUTURE STUDIES
16		LPC continues to evaluate potential renewable energy initiatives and other potential
17		supply-side opportunities. In particular, as the cost of solar generation equipment
18		continues to drop, potential opportunities to cost-effectively provide smaller utility-scale
19		solar power for our coustomers will continue to be studied.
20		
21	12.	FLEXIBILITY AND QUICK RESPONSE
22		LPC intends to remain flexible enough to react quickly to changes in a manner consistent
23		with minimizing costs while maintaining reliability.
24		
25	13.	PLANNED ELECTRICAL TRANSMISSION INVESTMENTS
26		LPC is committed to maintenance and improvement of the tranmission system by making
27		investments in short and long term capital budgeted projects as seen in ATTACHMENT
28		5.

over time. As new issues arise, existing issues or components of the plan change in

significance and improved analysis techniques developed; LPC intends to file revisions to
its IRP with The Public Service Commission of South Carolina and request that the
Commission incorporate the revision into LPC's IRP or approve it as a separate
consideration.

Supply Resources

Facility Name	Location	Nameplate Capacity	Rate Base?	Fuel Source
Lockhart Hydro	Lockhart, SC	18 MW	Yes	Water (Non- Consumptive)
Lower Pacolet Hydro*	Pacolet, SC	0.8 MW	Yes	Water (Non- Consumptive)
Pacolet Diesel	Pacolet, SC	5.5 MW	Yes	Diesel
Union Diesel	Union, SC	7.3 MW	Yes	Diesel
Wellford Renewable Energy Facility*	Wellford, SC	1.6 MW	Yes	Landfill Gas
Upper Pacolet Hydro*	Pacolet, SC	1.1 MW	Yes	Water (Non- Consumptive)
Lockhart Minimum Flow Hydro*	Lockhart, SC	0.8 MW	Yes	Water (Non- Consumptive)
Lockhart Bio- Energy, LLC Union Renewable Energy Facility*	Union, SC	3.2 MW	No	Landfill Gas
Buzzard Roost Hydro (As of 6-1-20)	Greenwood, SC	15 MW	No	Water (Non- Consumptive)
Purchases from Duke Energy (as Firm Customers)	N/A	Load Following	N/A	N/A

^{*}Notes: Power generated from these facilities is currently sold off-system under contracts. Revenues from the facilities in rate base flow to Lockhart Power Company's customers.

ATTACHMENT 2

LOCKHART POWER COMPANY

DOCKET NO. 2019-227-E & 2020-11-E ORDER NO. 94-348 & 98-502

				S	MMERD	SUMMER DEMAND FORECAST	FOREC/	\ST					
SYSTEM SUMMER PEAK	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	**
<u>Jemand in mus</u> System Peak Demand	67.4	68.1	68.8	69.4	70.1	70.8	71.5	72.3	73.0	73.7	74.5	75.2	
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	•••
DEMAND SOURCES LOCKHART HYDRO GENERATION	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	
PACOLET DIESEL GENERATION	9	9	9	ω	9	9	9	ဖ	9	ø	٥	ַם	
LINION DIESEL GENERATION	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	
PURCHASES FROM DUKE FNERGY	37.6	38.3	39.0	39.6	40.3	41.0	41.7	42.5	43.2	43.9	44.7	45.4	
TOTAL DEMAND SOURCES	67.4	68.1	68.8	69.4	70.1	8.02	71.5	72.3	73.0	73.7	74.5	75.2	

2034

2033

2032

77.5

76.7

75.9

2034

2033

2032

16.5 6 7.3 47.7 77.5

16.5 6 7.3 46.9 76.7

16.5 6 7.3 46.1 75.9

WINTER DEMAND FORECAST

SVETEM MINTED DE AK	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034
DEMAND IN WW'S SYSTEM PEAK DEMAND	62.6	63.2	63.9	64.5	65.1	65.8	66.5	67.1	67.8	68.5	1.69	69.8	70.5	71.2	72.0
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034
DEMAND SOURCES	16.5	6 5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5
PACOLET DIESEL GENERATION	9	9	9	9	Ф	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	ω
UNION DIESEL GENERATION	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3
PURCHASES FROM DUKE ENERGY	32.8	33.4	34.1	34.7	35.3	36.0	36.7	37.3	38.0	38.7	39.3	90.0	40.7	41.4	42.2
TOTAL DEMAND SOURCES	62.6	63.2	63.9	64.5	65.1	65.8	66.5	67.1	87.8	68.5	69.1	8.69	70.5	71.2	72.0

Note: LPC generation resources that provide off-system sales per long-term contracts are excluded.

LOCKHART POWER COMPANY

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	2030
	2029
	2028
(LIVAINI)	2027
UPPLY AND SALES FORECAST (MWT)	2026
LES TO	2025
ANDSA	2024
SUPPLY	2023
	2022
	2021
	2020

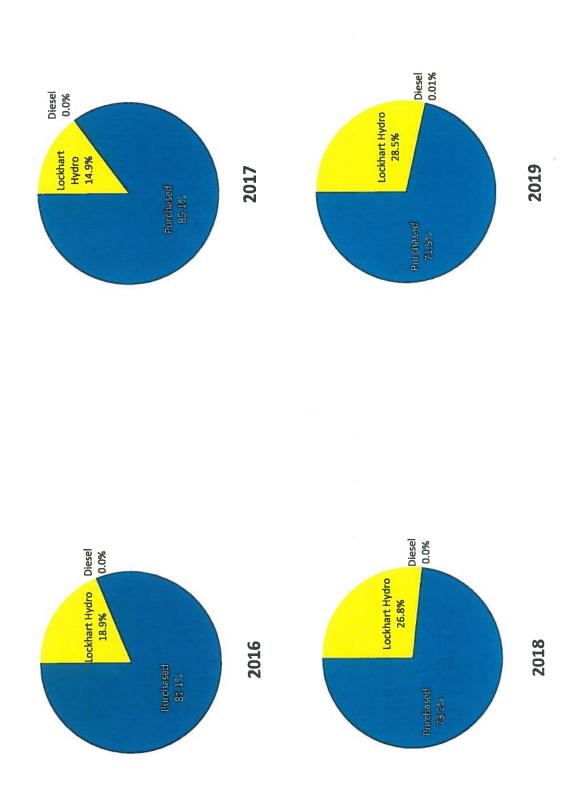
System Requirements Metered Sales Company Use Losses Required System Input	2020 339,277 852 19,165 359,294	2021 342,670 852 19,357 362,878	2022 346,096 852 19,550 366,488	2023 349,557 852 19,746 370,155	2024 353,053 852 19,943 373,848						2030 374,773 852 21,170 396,795	2031 378,521 852 21,382 400,754	2032 382,306 852 21,596 404,753	2033 386,129 852 21,812 408,792	2034 389,990 852 22,030 412,872
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2026	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034
Supply Sources					;				200	10.4	404	70 424		75 131	76 134
ockhart Hydro Generation	76,121	76,121	76,121	76,121	76,121	76,121	76,121	76,121	121,97	LZL'9/	121,01	121,07		121,07	10,161
Darolet Diesel Generation	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Inion Diesel Generation	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
Purchases from Duke	283.118	286.702	290,323	293,979	297,672	301,402	305,169	308,974	312,817	316,699	320,619	324,578	328,577	332,616	336,696
Total Supply	359,294	362,878	366,499	370,155		377,578	381,345	385,150	388,993	392,875	396,795	400,754	404,753	408,792	412,872

Note: Under the current Duke Energy PPA, the Pacolet and Union Diesel Generation stations are only operated in emergency situations.

ATTACHMENT 4

LOCKHART POWER COMPANY

ENERGY SOURCES IN PERCENT OF MWH'S INPUT



Note: Purchased Power obtained from Duke Energy

ATTACHMENT 5

Electrical Transmission Investments Planned

- Replace 34 kV Transmission Line Fault Indicator System
- Replace 34 kV Transmission Breaker at Duke-Lockhart Tie Station
- Replace 100 kV Transformer at Duke-Lockhart Tie Station